

Synthesis of 3-Silylacrylates by $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$ -catalysed Reaction of Methyl Acrylate with Hydrosilanes

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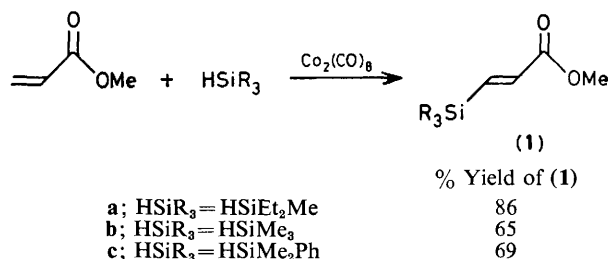
The reaction of an excess of methyl acrylate with hydrosilanes using $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$ as a catalyst gives methyl (*E*)-3-silylacrylates in high yields.

Although it is well known that $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$ is an effective catalyst for the hydrosilylation of alkenes to produce alkylsilanes, similar reactions of acrylates have not been reported so far.¹ We report here the $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$ -catalysed reaction of methyl acrylate with hydrosilanes. The reaction of an excess of methyl acrylate with hydrosilanes using $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$ as a catalyst almost selectively gave the methyl (*E*)-3-silylacrylates (**1**) in high yields instead of the corresponding alkylsilanes.

Typically, a solution of methyl acrylate (50 mmol), HSiEt_2Me (10 mmol), and $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$ (0.4 mmol) in benzene (10 ml) was stirred at 25 °C for 3 h. G.l.c. analysis showed that the reaction mixture contained (**1a**) in 86% yield, along with only a small amount of the alkylsilane.† Attempts to apply the reaction to methyl methacrylate and methyl crotonate have so far failed. HSiMe_3 and HSiMe_2Ph similarly reacted smoothly to give (**1b**) and (**1c**) in 65 and 69% yields, respectively.

Recently, several metal complexes have been shown to catalyse the reaction of alkenes with hydrosilanes to produce vinylsilanes.² However, the catalysed reaction of acrylates with hydrosilanes usually gives the corresponding alkylsilanes.³

The present reaction offers a synthetically useful method for the preparation of (*E*)-3-silylacrylates (**1**) which have been



prepared previously by a low-yielding reaction sequence starting from prop-2-yn-1-ol.⁴

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† The vinylsilane (**1a**) was identified by its i.r. (ν_{max} 1730 and 1600 cm^{-1}), ^1H n.m.r. [(CCl_4) δ 6.15 (d, J 19 Hz, 1H) and 7.11 (d, J 19 Hz, 1H)], and mass spectra ($M^+ - \text{Et}$, m/z 157), and gave satisfactory elemental analyses. Satisfactory i.r., ^1H n.m.r., and mass spectra, and elemental analyses were also obtained for (**1b**) and (**1c**).